AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

| 1 | 1-24. (Canceled). |
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| 1 | 25. (Currently amended) A method for managing encryption within a |
| 2 | database system, wherein encryption is performed automatically and transparently |
| 3 | to a user of the database system, the method comprising: |
| 4 | receiving a request at the database system to store data in the database |
| 5 | system; |
| 6 | wherein the request is directed to storing data in a portion of the database |
| 7 | system that has been designated as encrypted; |
| 8 | in response to receiving the request: |
| 9 | creating a digest of the data, and |
| 0 | automatically encrypting data within the database system |
| 1 | using an encryption function to produce an encrypted data, wherein |
| 2 | using the encryption function involves using an encryption key |
| 3 | recovered from an obfuscated copy of a keyfile within volatile |
| 4 | memory; and |
| 5 | storing the encrypted data in the database system; |
| 6 | wherein the digest is used to detect tampering with the encrypted data. |
| 1 | 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, |

| 2 | wherein the portion of the database system that has been designated as |
|---|---|
| 3 | encrypted includes a column of the database system; |
| 4 | wherein the encryption function uses a key stored in a keyfile managed by |
| 5 | a security administrator; and |
| 6 | wherein the encrypted data is stored using a storage function of the |
| 7 | database system. |
| | |
| l | 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, further comprising: |
| 2 | receiving a request to retrieve data from the column of the database |
| 3 | system; |
| 4 | if the request to retrieve data is received from a database administrator, |
| 5 | preventing the database administrator from decrypting the encrypted data; |
| 5 | if the request to retrieve data is received from the security administrator, |
| 7 | preventing the security administrator from decrypting the encrypted data; and |
| 3 | if the request to retrieve data is from an authorized user of the database |
| • | system, allowing the authorized user to decrypt the encrypted data. |
| [| 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the security |
| 2 | administrator selects one of, data encryption standard (DES) and triple DES as a |
| 3 | mode of encryption for the column. |
| | |
| l | 29. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the security |
| 2 | administrator, a database administrator, and a user administrator are distinct roles, |
| 3 | and wherein a person selected for one of these roles is not allowed to be selected |
| 1 | for another of these roles. |
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30. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, wherein managing the

keyfile includes, but is not limited to:

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| 3 | creating the keyfile; |
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| 4 | establishing a plurality of keys to be stored in the keyfile; |
| 5 | establishing a relationship between a key identifier and the key stored in |
| 6 | the keyfile; |
| 7 | storing the keyfile in one of, |
| 8 | an encrypted file in the database system, and |
| 9 | a location separate from the database system; and |
| 10 | moving an obfuscated the obfuscated copy of the keyfile to a volatile the |
| 11 | volatile memory within a server associated with the database system. |
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| 1 | 31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the key |
| 2 | identifier associated with the column is stored as metadata associated with a table |
| 3 | containing the column within the database system. |
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| 1 | 32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 30, further comprising |
| 2 | establishing encryption parameters for the column, wherein encryption parameters |
| 3 | include encryption mode, key length, and integrity type by: |
| 4 | entering encryption parameters for the column manually; and |
| 5 | recovering encryption parameters for the column from a profile table in the |
| 6 | database system. |
| | |
| 1 | 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein upon |
| 2 | receiving a request from the security administrator specifying the column to be |
| 3 | encrypted, if the column currently contains data, the method further comprises: |
| 4 | decrypting the column using an old key if the column was previously |
| 5 | encrypted; and |
| 6 | encrypting the column using a new key. |

| 1 | 34. (Currently amended) A computer-readable storage medium storing |
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| 2 | instructions that when executed by a computer causes the computer to perform a |
| 3 | method for managing encryption within a database system, wherein encryption is |
| 4 | performed automatically and transparently to a user of the database system, the |
| 5 | method comprising: |
| 6 | receiving a request at the database system to store data in the database |
| 7 | system; |
| 8 | wherein the request is directed to storing data in a portion of the database |
| 9 | system that has been designated as encrypted; |
| 10 | in response to receiving the request: |
| 11 | creating a digest of the data, and |
| 12 | automatically encrypting data within the database system |
| 13 | using an encryption function to produce an encrypted data, whereir |
| 14 | using the encryption function involves using an encryption key |
| 15 | recovered from an obfuscated copy of a keyfile within volatile |
| 16 | memory; and |
| 17 | storing the encrypted data in the database system; |
| 18 | wherein the digest is used to detect tampering with the encrypted data. |
| | |
| 1 | 35. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
| 2 | claim 34, |
| 3 | wherein the portion of the database system that has been designated as |
| 4 | encrypted includes a column of the database system; |
| 5 | wherein the encryption function uses a key stored in a keyfile managed by |
| 6 | a security administrator; and |
| 7 | wherein the encrypted data is stored using a storage function of the |
| 8 | datahase system |

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| 1 | 36. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
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| 2 | claim 35, the method |
| 3 | further comprising: |
| 4 | receiving a request to retrieve data from the column of the database |
| 5 | system; |
| 6 | if the request to retrieve data is received from a database administrator, |
| 7 | preventing the database administrator from decrypting the encrypted data; |
| 8 | if the request to retrieve data is received from the security administrator, |
| 9 | preventing the security administrator from decrypting the encrypted data; and |
| 0 | if the request to retrieve data is from an authorized user of the database |
| 1 | system, allowing the authorized user to decrypt the encrypted data. |
| | |
| 1 | 37. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
| 2 | claim 35, wherein the security administrator selects one of, data encryption |
| 3 | standard (DES) and triple DES as a mode of encryption for the column. |
| | |
| 1 | 38. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
| 2 | claim 35, wherein the security administrator, a database administrator, and a user |
| 3 | administrator are distinct roles, and wherein a person selected for one of these |
| 4 | roles is not allowed to be selected for another of these roles. |
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| 1 | 39. (Currently amended) The computer-readable storage medium of claim |
| 2 | 35, wherein managing the keyfile includes, but is not limited to: |
| 3 | creating the keyfile; |
| 4 | establishing a plurality of keys to be stored in the keyfile; |
| 5 | establishing a relationship between a key identifier and the key stored in |
| 5 | the keyfile; |
| 7 | storing the keyfile in one of, |
| | |

| 8 | an encrypted file in the database system, and |
|---|---|
| 9 | a location separate from the database system; and |
| 0 | moving an obfuscated the obfuscated copy of the keyfile to a volatile the |
| 1 | volatile memory within a server associated with the database system. |
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| 1 | 40. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
| 2 | claim 39, wherein the key identifier associated with the column is stored as |
| 3 | metadata associated with a table containing the column within the database |
| 4 | system. |
| | |
| 1 | 41. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
| 2 | claim 39, wherein the method further comprises establishing encryption |
| 3 | parameters for the column, wherein encryption parameters include encryption |
| 4 | mode, key length, and integrity type by: |
| 5 | entering encryption parameters for the column manually; and |
| 6 | recovering encryption parameters for the column from a profile table in the |
| 7 | database system. |
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| 1 | 42. (Previously presented) The computer-readable storage medium of |
| 2 | claim 35, wherein upon receiving a request from the security administrator |
| 3 | specifying the column to be encrypted, if the column currently contains data, the |
| 4 | method further comprises: |
| 5 | decrypting the column using an old key if the column was previously |
| 6 | encrypted; and |
| 7 | encrypting the column using a new key. |

| 1 | 43. (Currently amended) An apparatus that facilitates managing encryption |
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| 2 | within a database system, wherein encryption is performed automatically and |
| 3 | transparently to a user of the database system, comprising: |
| 4 | a receiving mechanism that is configured to receive a request at the |
| 5 | database system to store data in the database system; |
| 6 | wherein the request is directed to storing data in a portion of the database |
| 7 | system that has been designated as encrypted; |
| 8 | a digest creating mechanism configured to create a digest of the data; |
| 9 | an encrypting mechanism that is configured to automatically encrypt data |
| 10 | within the database system using an encryption function to produce an encrypted |
| 11 | data, wherein using the encryption function involves using an encryption key |
| 12 | recovered from an obfuscated copy of a keyfile within volatile memory; and |
| 13 | a storing mechanism that is configured to store the encrypted data in the |
| 14 | database system; |
| 15 | wherein the digest is used to detect tampering with the encrypted data. |
| | |
| 1 | 44. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 43, |
| 2 | wherein the portion of the database system that has been designated as |
| 3 | encrypted includes a column of the database system; |
| 4 | wherein the encryption function uses a key stored in a keyfile managed by |
| 5 | a security administrator; and |
| 6 | wherein the encrypted data is stored using a storage function of the |
| 7 | database system. |
| | |
| 1 | 45. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising: |
| 2 | the receiving mechanism that is further configured to receive a request to |
| 3 | retrieve data from the column of the database system; |

| 4 | an access mechanism that is configured to prevent a database administrator |
|----|---|
| 5 | and the security administrator from decrypting the encrypted data; and |
| 6 | wherein the access mechanism is configured to allow an authorized user |
| 7 | of the database system to decrypt the encrypted data. |
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| 1 | 46. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising a |
| 2 | selection mechanism that is configured to select one of, data encryption standard |
| 3 | (DES) and triple DES as a mode of encryption for the column. |
| | |
| 1 | 47. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the security |
| 2 | administrator, a database administrator, and a user administrator are distinct roles, |
| 3 | and wherein a person selected for one of these roles is not allowed to be selected |
| 4 | for another of these roles. |
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| 1 | 48. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising: |
| 2 | a creating mechanism that is configured to create the keyfile; |
| 3 | an establishing mechanism that is configured to establish a plurality of |
| 4 | keys to be stored in the keyfile; |
| 5 | wherein the establishing mechanism is further configured to establish a |
| 6 | relationship between a key identifier and the key stored in the keyfile; |
| 7 | wherein the storing mechanism is further configured to store the keyfile in |
| 8 | one of, |
| 9 | an encrypted file in the database system, and |
| 10 | a location separate from the database system; and |
| 11 | a moving mechanism that is configured to move an obfuscated the |
| 12 | obfuscated copy of the keyfile to a volatile the volatile memory within a server |

associated with the database system.

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| 1 | 49. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 48, wherein the key |
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| 2 | identifier associated with the column is stored as metadata associated with a table |
| 3 | containing the column within the database system. |
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| 1 | 50. (Previously presented) apparatus of claim 48, wherein the |
| 2 | establishing mechanism is further configured to establish encryption parameters |
| 3 | for the column, wherein encryption parameters include encryption mode, key |
| 4 | length, and integrity type, and wherein the establishing mechanism includes: |
| 5 | an entering mechanism that is configured to enter encryption parameters |
| 6 | for the column manually; and |
| 7 | a recovering mechanism that is configured to recover encryption |
| 8 | parameters for the column from a profile table in the database system. |
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| 1 | 51. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 44, further comprising: |
| 2 | a decrypting mechanism that is configured to decrypt the column using a |
| 3 | previous key if the column was previously encrypted; and |
| 4 | wherein the encrypting mechanism is further configured to encrypt the |
| 5 | column using a new key. |
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